CDE DAIRY MARKETS & MANAGEMENT UPDATE

All prices — JAN. 29, 2025 — except where noted

The planning season: Once the harvest is in, the deer have been hunted, and the holidays have been celebrated with family and friends, it's time for the planning season. Over my career, I find that a lot of the long-term planning that occurs on dairy farms happens this time of year. Based on my experiences as a dairy veterinarian and farm business and transition consultant, I've been asked to discuss 5 important concepts to keep in mind as you consider the transition plan for your dairy farm.

1. A good farm transition plan recognizes the fact that the process of transitioning between generations can take anywhere from a few years to a couple of decades. It generally is not a sudden event in which everything is transferred at one time, although sometimes it is forced by circumstances. The transition includes not only the transfer of the various assets of the operation, but also management know-how and responsibilities. Each generation involved is shifting from one stage of life to a different stage of life, which can take some time to deal with.

2. Many farm transitions occur in a stepwise manner due to the scale of assets to be transferred, along with the associated debt obligations. It is just too much to take on at one time to transfer everything at once. Although many different routes can be taken, many dairy operations start with the transfer of livestock, followed by or coinciding with machinery, and finally getting to the transfer of real estate assets once the other debts are taken care of. Because of this, it is important to start transferring assets quite a few years before wanting to ultimately transfer the farm's real estate.

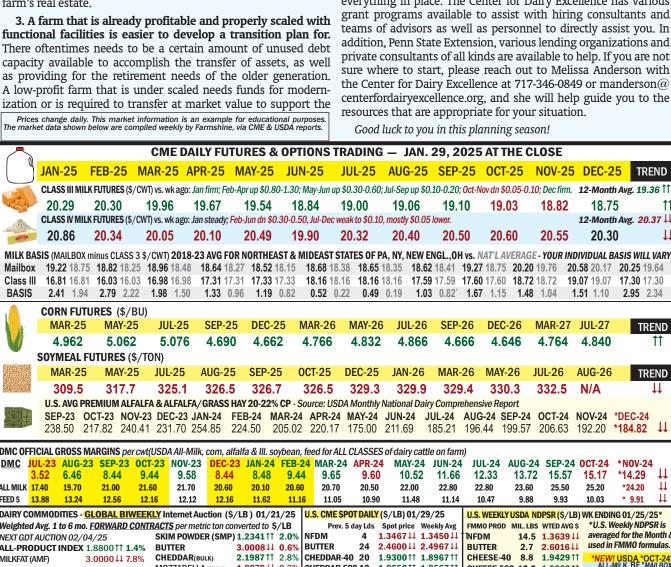
huge hurdle for continuing the farm into the next gen-

By BRIAN REED DVM. MBA

eration. Put effort into addressing these concerns at least a few years before the intended transfer date to adjust the business plan of the farm.

4. Communication and engagement between family members is probably the most important factor in successful farm transitions. As you can see from the above list, this process is not usually a short conversation that just happens then everything is solved. It is a process that should include all relevant family members. All should be involved from the beginning of the planning process, so all ideas, goals and concerns of family members are considered. Doing this is important for the buy-in of everyone involved, versus just giving an ultimatum from one person's perspective about how it will happen. I have been called into many situations when that approach has not worked well at all. It is also a good idea to maintain good communications with non-farming family members through the process. Even though they may not be involved in the family business, they are still in the family and can feel rejected otherwise. That is not what most families I work with want to happen.

5. Assistance is available! Nobody can do all of this themselves. People and resources are available to help with facilitated family discussions, business planning, feasibility studies, tax and financial planning, and securing lending and legal help to put everything in place. The Center for Dairy Excellence has various resources that are appropriate for your situation.



DMC OFFICIAL GROSS MARGINS per cwt(USDA All-Milk, com, alfalfa & III. soybean, feed for ALL CLASSES of dairy cattle on farm) DMC JUL-23 AUG-23 SEP-23 OCT-23 NOV-23

PRODUCT

CHEESE

BUTTER

DAIRY COMMODITIES - GLOBAL BIWEEKLY Internet Auction (\$/LB) 01/21/25 Weighted Avg. 1 to 6 mo. FORWARD CONTRACTS per metric ton co NEXT GDT AUCTION 02/04/25 ALL-PRODUCT INDEX 1.8800 1 1.4% MOZZARELLA (BULK) 0.3%

WHOLE POWDER (WMP) 1.8094 11 5.0%

CHEESE-500 **CHEDDAR-500 12** 1.8650 1 1.8567 11 12.2 1.900211

CURRENT FEDERAL ORDER VALUES (\$/LB) *

0.2003

0.1715

MAKE ALLOW

*WEIGHTED AVG. 4-WK DEC. 1-28, 2024

VALUE

1.7608

2.5748

70-85 lbs

ANNOUNCED FEDERAL ORDER PRICES (\$/CWT) NASS ALL-MILK CLIADVIT CLII CL III11 CL IV ALI-MILK-U.S. ALL-MILK-PA *21.27(FEB) 21.28(DEC) 18.62(DEC) 20.74(DEC) 24.20(NOV)↓↓ 4.39F -- MONTH AGO -20.38 21.52 19.95 21.12 25.20 4.26F 25.40 4.21F YEAR AGO 19.23 21.60 4.31F

3200

0.4052 11 0.8%

↑↑ N.FAT 1.2151 11 NFDM 1.3952 0.1678 1.2274 0.6353 0.1991 11 OTHER DRYWHEY 0.4362 per head as reported by USDA Monthly National Dairy Comprehensive Rep APR-24 MAY-24 JUN-24 JUL-24 AUG-24 SEP-24 OCT-24 2016 N/A 2800

675.00 11

NET

₩ PROT

↓ B.FAT

1.5605

2.4033

'common

Average to high

dressing

U.S. AVG. BRED COWS & HEIFERS (3rd trimester) NOV-23 DEC-23 JAN-24 FEB-24 MAR-24 2108 1635 N/A N/A 2115 U.S. AVG. MILKING COWS per head as reported by USDA Monthly National Dairy Comprehensive Report 1988 N/A 1792 N/A N/A 2120 2254 1624 N/A 2800 N/A

1830 ATTLE - DAIRY PURPOSES(\$/H̩D) USDA and other East and Midwest auction reports combined 4-week rolling average as of JAN. 24, 2025 FRESH HEIFERS: Springing **OPEN:** 300-600 lbs Beef X 600-900 lbs MILK COWS (NASS) U.S. Avg. Bred Beef x Beef X 900

2200 2200 \$2600 OCT-24 11 \$2360 JUL-24 ZEAR AGC 1400 1800 \$1760 JUL-23 2000 700 975 N/A 1350 1150 \$1850 OCT-23 PA Auction Markets Jan. 23-28, 2025 FED STEERS (\$/CWT LIVE) Holstein Beef-X-Dairy WK AGO YR AGO CULL MARKET COWS (\$/CWT LIVEWEIGHT Choice & Prime 1250-1550 lb 152.00 **Premium White** Breakers Boners Lean **BULL CALVES:** No. 1 & 2, 90-130 lbs 900.0011 560.00 900.00 385.00 625.00 625.00 11

138.75 1 135.10 11 **127.35**11 **WEEK AGO** N/A 129.35 128.50 120.50 YEAR AGO 101.35 107.00





1060.0011

1200

* NFW DEC. 2024

COMPONENTS

1.9637↓↓

2.910411

N/A

550.00 1000.00



350.00

735.00

1800

1500